#### Threat Information Sharing; Perspectives, Strategies, and Scenarios

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Tim Grance, NIST, Sarah Brown, Fox-IT, Luc Dandurand, ITU Thomas Millar, US CERT, Pawel Pawlinski, CERT.PL



Computer Security Division Information Technology Laboratory

### **Information Sharing Benefits**

- Organizations are sharing information and collaborating on its refinement for:
  - Shared Situational Awareness
  - Expanded Understanding of Threat Horizon
  - Knowledge Maturation
  - Greater Defensive Agility
  - Improved Decision-Making



## **Information Sharing Challenges**

- Prior to Sharing
  - Establishing Trust
  - Policy, Legal, and Organizational Restrictions
  - Risk / Benefit Analysis what to share?
- As Data is Shared
  - Collecting and classifying information
  - System interoperability
  - Preserving Anonymity
- Post Sharing
  - Classification of information
  - Generate / refine / action the intelligence

**Desired Characteristics of Cyber Threat Information** 

- **Timely** in time for the recipient to act
- **Relevant** applicable to the recipient's operational environment
- Accurate correct, complete, and unambiguous
- **Specific** providing sufficient detail and context
- Actionable providing or suggesting an effective course of action



# **Cyber Threat Information Sources**

#### Internal

- Intrusion Detection/Protection Systems
- Security Information and Event Management
- OS, network, security, and application logs
- Personnel

#### External

- Open, public sharing communities
- Government sources
- Sector peers and business partners
- Vendor alerts and advisories
- Commercial Services



# **Cyber Threat Information Types**

- Indicators an artifact or observation that suggests that an attack is imminent, is underway, or may have already occurred
- Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures insights related to an adversary's behavior, conduct, and tools
- **Countermeasures** actions to counter a specific threat
- Adversary information regarding the threat agent or actor



#### **Observations on Trust**

- Trust equals knowledge, skills, experience, abilities, accuracy, integrity, reliability, commitment
- Trust gives us confidence to act
- When we trust we are more likely to share
- Trust is hard to earn, it must be cultivated
- Trust is difficult to restore if lost



# **Building and Maintaining Trust**

- Trust is built through shared experiences
- Use sharing models that bring together contributors, participants, and consumers
  - Discuss current threats
  - Share technical insights
  - Develop mitigation strategies
  - Train, mentor, and develop skills
  - Mentor new community members
  - Develop key practices and resources



### **Establishing Sharing Relationships**

- Define Goals, Objectives, and Scope of Sharing
  Mission specifics; resources; approvals
- Conduct an Information Inventory
- Establish Information Sharing Rules
  - Sources; sensitivity; restrictions; marking
- Join existing Sharing Communities
  - Info actionable; mechanisms; NDAs, etc.
- Supporting an Information Sharing Capability
  - Resources; proactive measures
- Look for information that is easier to share (e.g., threats vs incidents)

# **Discussion Questions**

- 1. What are the sharing barriers?
- 2. Overview of sharing architectures, capabilities, technical mechanisms (e.g.identity, access control, etc), and trust issues
- 3. How is sharing done today?
  - 1. Non-attributed vs attributed.
  - 2. Protection of shared information.
  - 3. Data analytics, etc.
- 4. Advice on how to create, maintain, and enhance sharing relationships
- 5. How can sharing be more scalable?
- 6. Specific technical and policy recommendations for the use of shared threat information. Indemnification?
- 7. What examples (past or future) or specific incident scenarios illustrate how sharing could realistically work to improve security and operational capability?



## Achieving Meaningful Information Sharing: A Few Take-Aways

- Operate at time scales consistent with the information
- Trust leverages personal connections, operational record, legal processes
- Trust is paramount and hard to establish, but preparation helps
- As communities grow in size, trust is harder to achieve
- Organizational abilities vary greatly
- Roles and responsibilities need to be clearly articulated before sharing
- Simplicity facilitates sharing



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